

















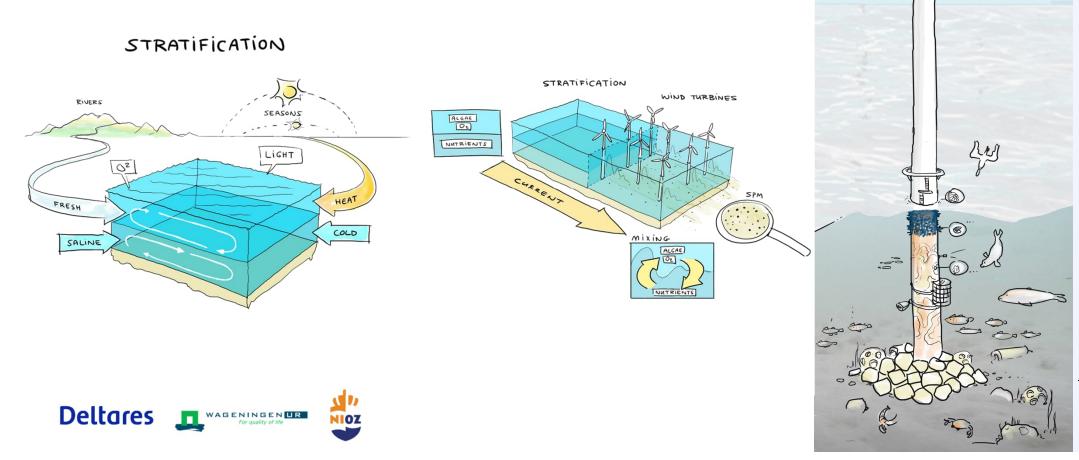
Ecosystem effects of future upscaling offshore wind

Luca van Duren, Firmijn Zijl, Stendert Laan, Tammo Zijlker, Leo Leummens, Thijs van Kessel, Luka Jaksic, Erik Hendriks, Vincent van Zelst, Lauriane Vilmin, Lisa Schneider, Jaap van der Meer, Tony Minns and Peter Herman

14 februari 2023

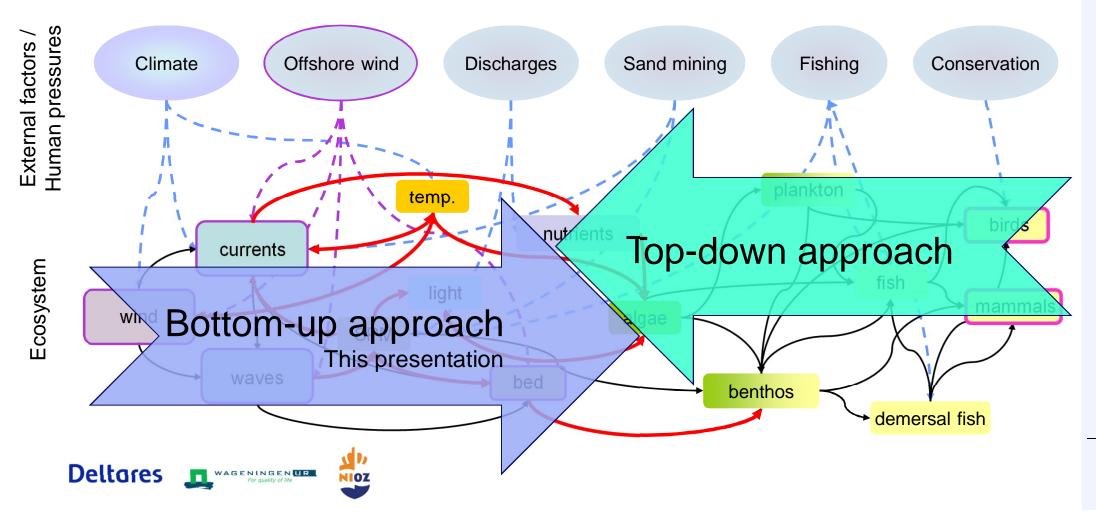


Ecosystem effects; from currents to kittiwakes



Ecosystem effects future upscaling of offshore wind

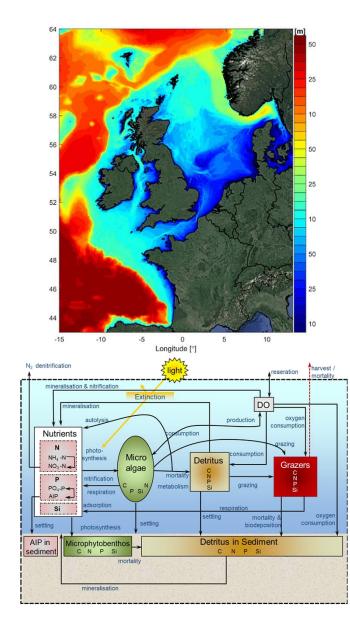
Effect chain



Story so far – bottom-up modelling

- Bottom-up: completely new modelling suite Delft 3D-FM
- Coupled to SPM and ecological processes
- First exercise: SPM and ecology not yet fully coupled
- 3 scenarios analysed:
 - reference
 - 2020
 - hypothetical upscaling
- > Aim:
 - ? Are ecosystem effects relevant?
 - ? Which parts of the North Sea are susceptible?





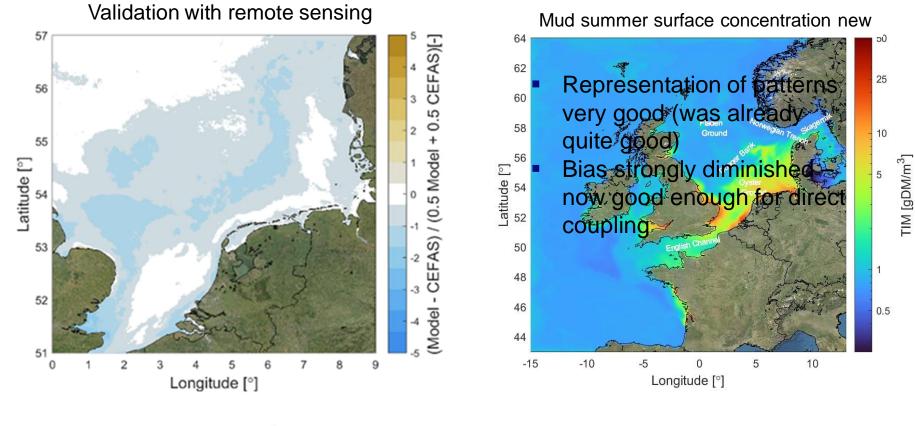
2021 - 2022 work

- Results in 2021
 - Good results, effects important; model had still teething problems
 - Fine sediment bias
 - Mussels "died" on pillars
 - Link between top-down and bottom-up approach not easy
- Hypothetical scenario designed to learn from, not for direct policy support
- Focus of work last year
 - model improvement
 - further investigation fine sediment transports
 - more realistic scenarios





Model improvement fine sediment





Model improvements ecology

Noordwijk 20 km

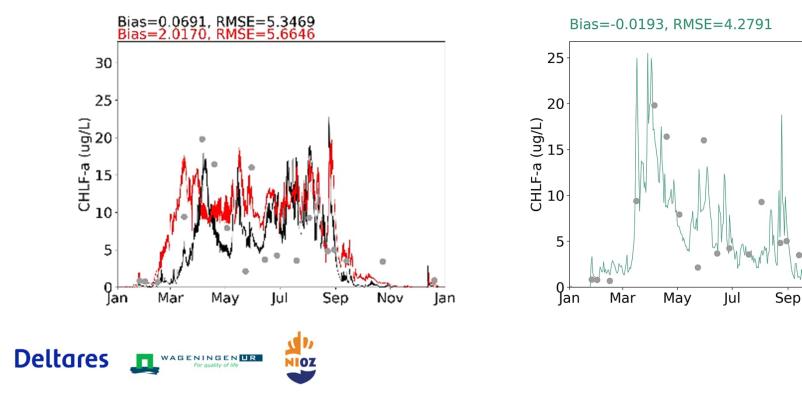
2007 initial uncoupled run
2007 initial coupled run

2007 ralibrated coupled run

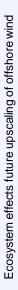
Nov

lan

• 2007 measurements

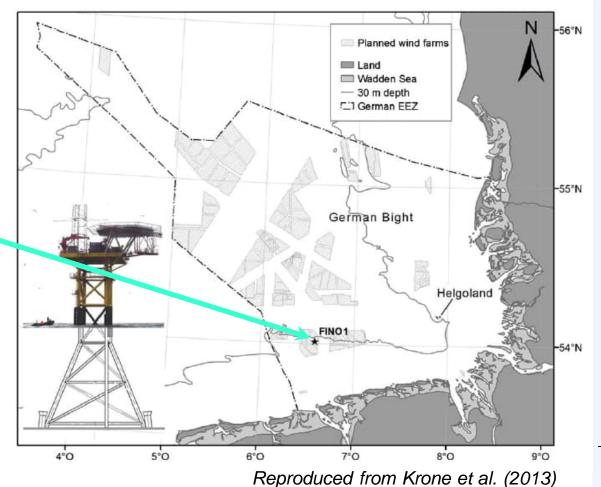






Growth of mussels on pillars

- No suitable data available from Dutch wind farms
- Model tests to reproduce mussel biomasses observed by Krone et al. (2013) at the FINQ1 windfarm

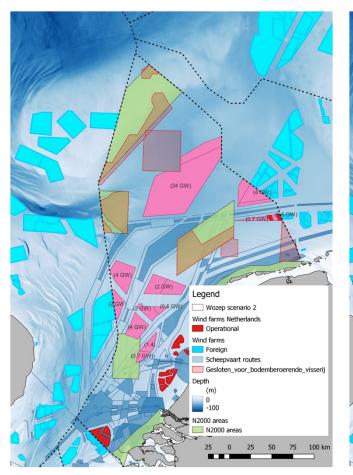


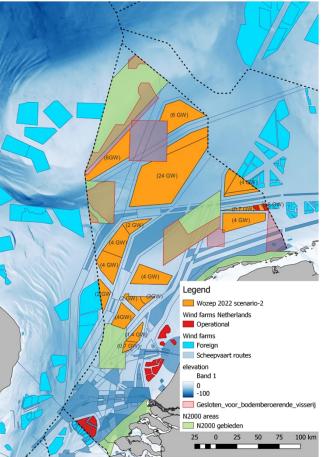


New two-tiered way of working

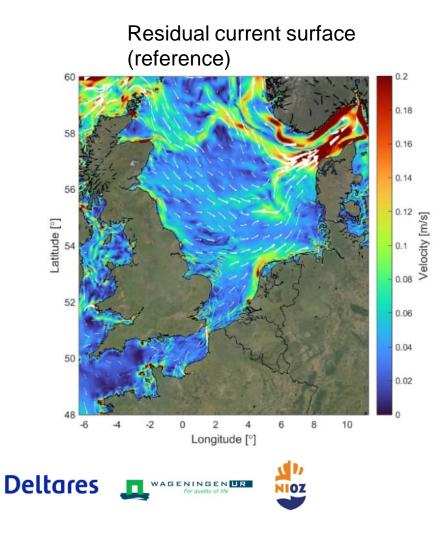
- Model not perfect, but 'good enough'
- Model development vs. model application
- 2022 scenario report still slightly hybrid (new calibration work and application)
- 2 scenarios
 - Expected developments ±2040
 - Extreme upscaling likely not realistic!
- This presentation concentrates on scenario 1



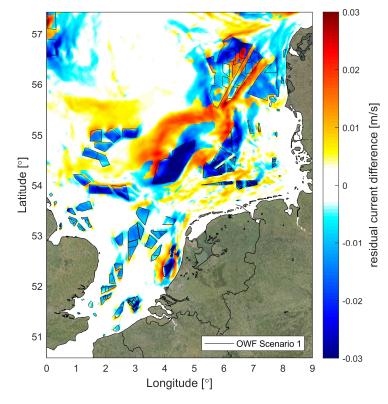




Hydrodynamics - currents

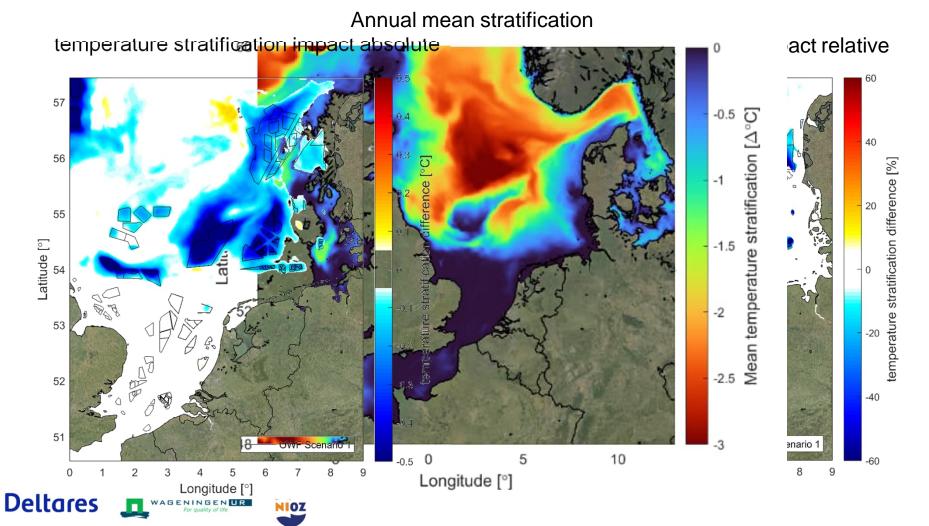


Impact of scenario 1 on surface residual currents (scenario 1 – reference)



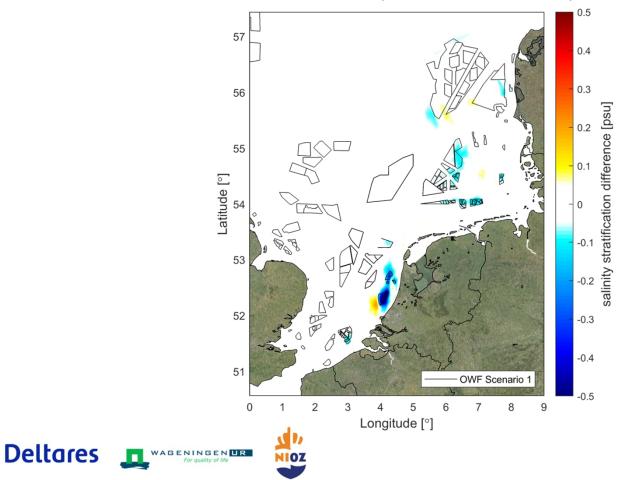
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Hydrodynamics - temperature stratification

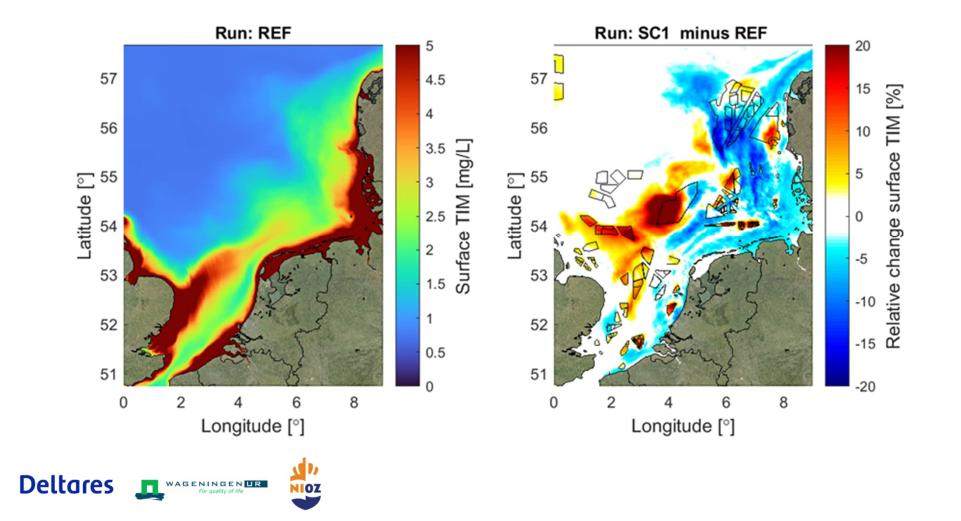


Hydrodynamics salinity stratification

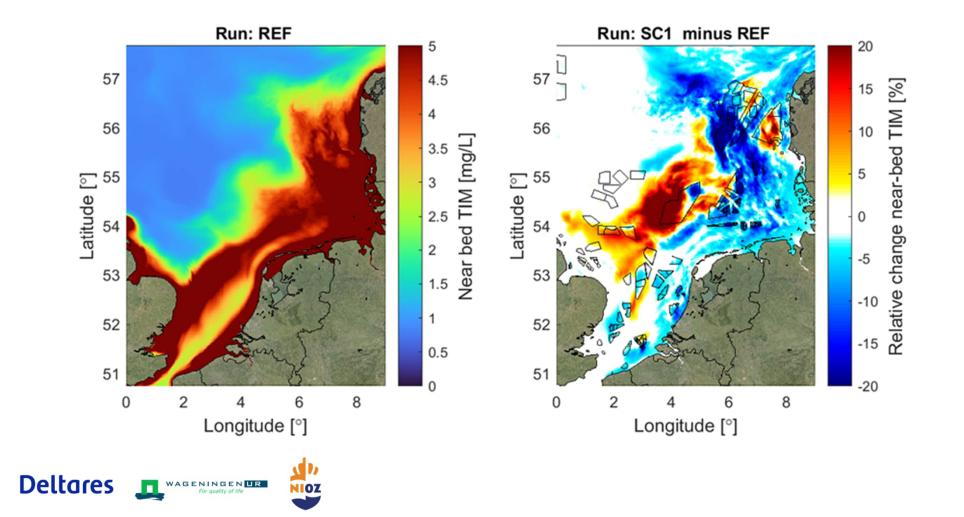
Impact of scenario 1 on *salinity stratification* (scenario 1 – reference)



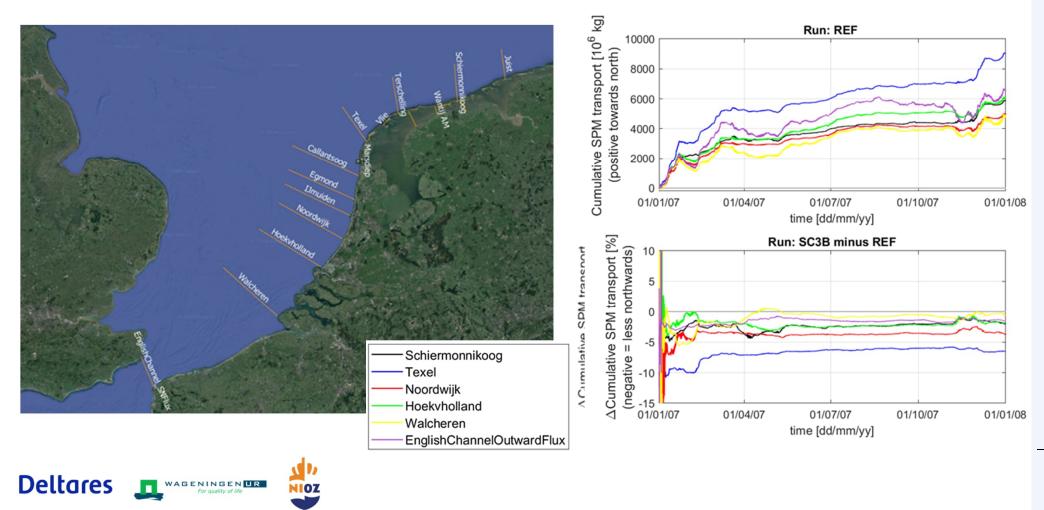
SPM effects surface



SPM effects near bed



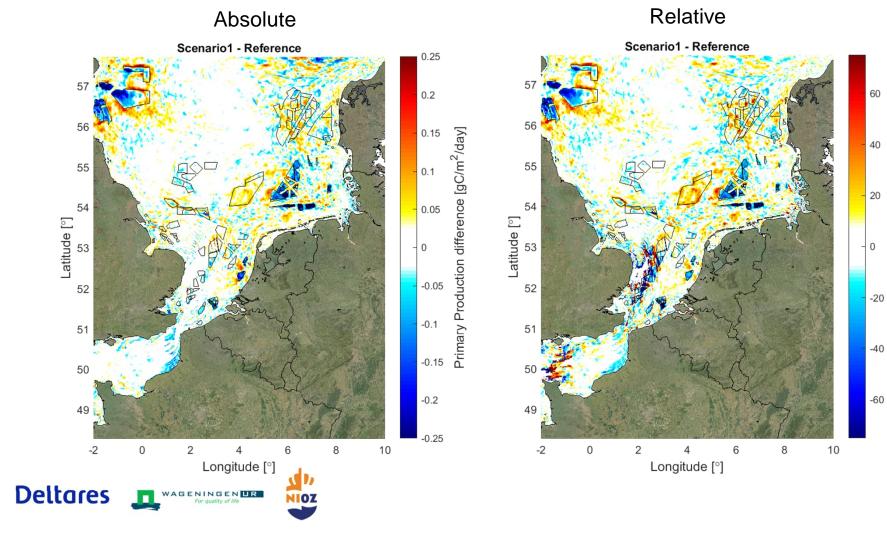
Fine sediment transport along the Dutch coast



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Ecosystem effects future upscaling of offshore wind

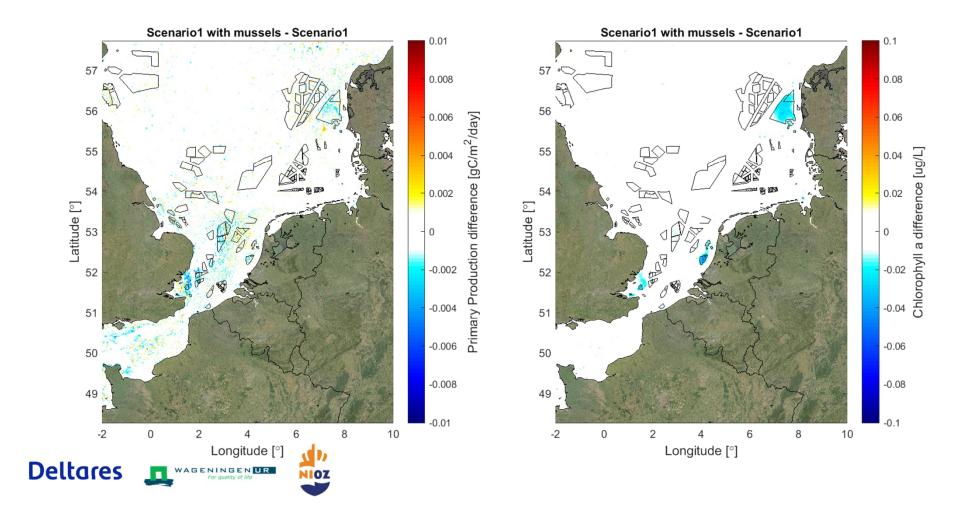
Effects on primary production (no mussels)



Production difference [%]

Primary F

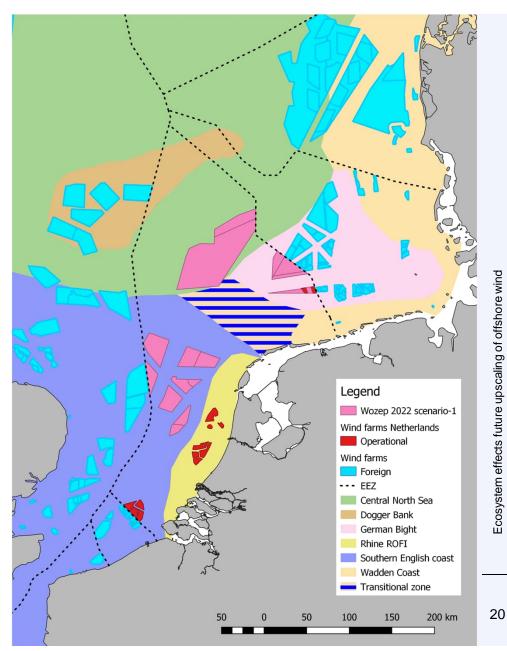
Effect of mussel growth on pillars



Conclusions

- Model significantly improved, now fit for purpose
- Impact of fine sediment appears relatively more important
- Conclusions of first report on impacts in different regions still hold - delineation does not really change
 - Central North Sea destratification dominant
 - German Bight complex, SPM dominant
 - English coast and Wadden coast effects minor – some negative effects SPM
 - Rhine ROFI impact on SPM transport
 - Dogger bank impact minor



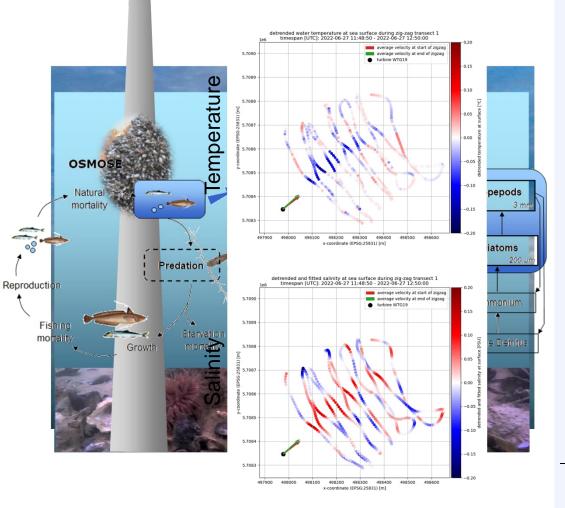


Further work, new developments

Link hydrodynamic model to HARMONIE (KNMI) to assess effects wind wakes of farms

- Validation of effect of wind farms still important
- Improve mussel DEB model
- Incorporate zooplankton DEB model
- Reduce the gap between bottom up and top down by linking to FISH IBM models (OSMOSE)
- Link up to international developments

Measurement campaign Erik Hendriks In cooperation with NIOZ and UGent





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